# 26<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2015

# First Prudential Modaraba

Managed by : KASB Invest (Private) Limited

www.jamapunji.pl





### First Prudential Modaraba

### CONTENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION 01
VISION STATEMENT & MISSION STATEMENT02
DIRECTOR'S REPORT
SUMMARY OF KEY FINANCIALS
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS12
SHARIAH ADVISOR'S REPORT14
BALANCE SHEET16
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATES HOLDING
PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE HOLDINGS 57
NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

**Board of Directors** Syed Waseem -ul- Haq Haqqie

Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah Director Farrukh S. Ansari Director

Rashid K. Siddiqui

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

Chairman

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

**Audit Committee** Farrukh S. Ansari

> Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah Member Syed Waseem -ul- Haq Haggie Member

Human Resource and

Farrukh S. Ansari Remuneration Committee Syed Waseem -ul- Haq Haggie

Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah Rashid K. Siddiqui

Chief Financial Officer Aftab Afroz Mahmoodi

Company Secretary Zia - ul - Hag

Head of Internal Audit Syed Shahid Owais

Management Company KASB Invest (Private) Limited

Registered & Head Office 8-C, Block-6, PECHS, Off. Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Tel: 021-34398852-5, 021-34370141

Auditors RSM Avais Hyder Liaguat Nauman

Chartered Accounts

Legal Advisor Ahmed & Qazi

Shariah Advisor Mufti Muhammad Ibrahim Essa

Bankers Habib Bank Limited (Islamic Banking)

> Sindh Bank Limited Burj Bank Limited

Share Registrar Shares & Corporate Services (Pvt.) Limited

Mehersons Estate, Talpur Road, Karachi. 74000

Tel: 021-32401634

Social values of Islam provide the faithful with a large measure of spiritual peace and serenity, and this contentment can be reaped while pursuing business aspirations within the confines of Islamic law. We visualize creating an institution where society can seek a just and fair advantage from the richness of Islamic system of trade finance.

2

### **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

The Board of Directors of KASB Invest (Private) Limited, the Management Company of First Prudential Modaraba are pleased to present Annual Report of First Prudential Modaraba together with Audited Accounts and Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended 30th June 2015 before the certificate holders. This is the second financial year after KASB Invest (Private) Limited took over management of the Modaraba.

### KEY OPERATING / FINANCIALHIGHLIGHTS

	\ I	in millions) ne 30
	2015	2014
Total Income from Operations	55.90	64.44
Operating Expenses	(31.16)	(46.44)
Operating Profit for the period	24.74	18.00
Unrealized gain / (loss) on changes in fair value of held for trading		
investments - at fair value through profit and loss	2.52	(3.26)
(Loss) gain arising on changes in fair value of		, ,
Investment properties	NiL	(14.11)
Impairment (losses) and (Provision) / Reversal against		, ,
doubtful receivables-net	3.56	(72.89)
Net (loss) profit after tax for the year	30.29	(72.26)
Earning Per Certificate – Re.	0.31	(0.83)

### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

### Dividend

The Board of Directors is pleased to announce the final cash dividend @ 2.3% (Re. 0.23 per Certificate) for the year ended June 30, 2015 to the certificate holders of First Prudential Modaraba.

During the year ended on 30th June 2015, the overall operating performance of the First Prudential Modaraba reflects management commitment towards the good standing, sustainability and growth of the Modaraba. The Net profit for the year was Rs. 30.29 million recorded as against loss of Rs. 72.26 million last year which is a major break through and a sign of a good stewardship. The earning per Modaraba Certificate stands at Re.0.31during the year as against the loss of Re.(0.83) during last year. Operating expenses reduced from 46.44 million last year to Rs. 31.16.

There is a reversal of provision against doubtful receivable of Rs. 3.56 million against 72.89 million provision last year. This was achieved by rigorous follow ups towards recovery of long outstandings. However, there are impediments for recovery due to non availability of records and short falls in security documents of credits handed over from the previous management.

The management is committed towards continuous improvement of the operating and financial performance of the Modaraba for its long term sustainability and to meet the expectations of the stakeholders especially the Certificate holders.

### Sharia Compliance and Sharia Audit Mechanism

The Board is committed to comply with the requirements of circular No. 08 of 2012 Shari'ah Compliance and Shariah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas under the direction of its Sharia Advisor.

### First Prudential Modaraba

Corporate and financial reporting framework

The Board of Directors is fully aware of its duties & responsibilities under Code of Corporate Governance issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

- a. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Modaraba, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of account of the Modaraba have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Modaraba's ability to continue as a going concern
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations except for those reported in Auditors' review report on compliance of code of corporate governance.
- The Modaraba operates a provident fund for its permanent employees having value of Rs. 142.604/- as on June 30, 2015.
- i. Key operating and financial data of last six years in a summarized form is annexed.
- j. During the year three meetings of Board of Directors wereheld. Below is the summary of attendance by the directors in the Board meetings

5.IV0	Name of Director	ivieetings attende
1	Syed Waseem ul HaqHaqqie	3
2	Mr. FarrukhShauket Ansari	3
3	Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah	3
4	Mr. Rashid K. Siddiqui (CEO)	3

k. The Statement of pattern of certificate holding of the Modaraba as at 30th June 2015 as per code of corporate governance is annexed.

Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance

Statement of compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed with the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### Future outlook

The management of the Modaraba is in the process of exploring different ventures of investments and presently considering agricultural business proposal with a reputable corporate to earn higher profit through Sharia compliant investment.

The current economic situation, alongwith a very competitive environment for Islamic financial products, has resulted in a very challenging outlook for the Modaraba.

The Management of your Modaraba is proactively studying available options which would best protect and preserve certificate holders' interest in the future.

We are making all possible efforts to do the best to augment the system and special emphasis are being placed on recoveries and careful risk assessment to safeguard any adverse impact in future. We are fully geared to achieve better result and to regularly pay progressive rate of return to the certificate holders of the Modaraba.

The Modaraba also intends to increase its efforts for the recoveries from the defaulted clients through increased interaction & negotiation and expediting & accelerating legal recourse. This will result in increased liquidity and profitability through reversal of provisions.

### Auditors

On the recommendation of Audit Committee, the Board has approved the re-appointment of M/s AvaisHyder Liaquat Nauman, Chartered Accountants, as the statutory auditors for the year ended June 30, 2016, subject to approval by the Registrar Modaraba.

### Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors would like to thank for continuous guidance and support extended by the Registrar Modaraba, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges. The Board is also thankful to its valued customers, Certificate Holders for reposing their confidence in the Management of the Modaraba.

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Karachi.

Dated: October 07, 2015

Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie Chairman

### Summary of key Operating and Financial data of the

Modaraba for last six years.

Year ended June 30, 2015

.....Rupees in millions......

Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Paid-up Capital	872.177	872.177	872.177	872.177	872.177	872.177
Statutory Reserve	144.084	138.651	138.651	133.493	126.899	120.245
Certificate Holders' Equity	450.946	422.989	515.677	519.608	512.996	505.487
Certificate	87.217	87.217	87.217	87.217	87.217	87.217
Current Liabilities	54.842	57.555	45.089	38.758	32.278	45.413
Non-Current Assets	140.436	158.376	241.070	150.437	109.642	139.590
Current Assets	371.534	326.186	343.815	440.827	462.481	430.375
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	27.166	(72.263)	25.957	32.969	33.270	32.835
Taxation	-	-	(0.166)	-	-	0.457
Earning / (Loss) per Certificate (Rs.)	0.31	(0.83)	0.30	0.38	0.38	0.38

### First Prudential Modaraba

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the CCG) contained in the Regulation No. 35 of listing regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange Limited, Lahore Stock Exchange Limited & Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited, for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Regardless of the fact that KASB Invest (Private) Limited, the management company of the First Prudential Modaraba (the Modaraba), is a Private Limited Company, the Board of Directors of management company are pleased to confirm that the Code of Corporate Governance is being complied with in all material respects. Modaraba Management Company (hereafter referred as Company) has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

1. The Modaraba Management Company encourages representation of independent non-Executive directors. At present the Board includes:

Category Names

Independent Directors Mr. Furrukh S.Ansari

Independent Director Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie Independent Directors Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah

Executive Directors Mr. Rashid K. Siddiqui

- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by the stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Modaraba along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision and mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Modaraba. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other Executive and Non- Executive Directors have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided by the Chairman. The Board met atleast once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board Meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. Two Directors are certified and one director is exempted from the Director's training program by virtue of his experience as prescribed by SECP in the CCG.

- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' Report for this period has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Modaraba were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the certificates of the Modaraba other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Modaraba has complied with all the major corporate and financial reporting requirements to the CCG. All related parties transactions has been reviewed and approved by the Board and are carried out as per agreed terms.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members; of whom all are independent Directors.
- 16. The Meeting of Audit Committee was held prior to approval of final result of the modaraba. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom all are independent directors.
- 18. The Modaraba has setup an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Modaraba.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Modaraba have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold certificates of the Modaraba and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on Code of Ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Listing Regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

- 21. The 'closed period' prior to the announcement of interim / final results and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Modaraba 's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchanges.
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the CCG have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board

Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie

Karachi

Dated: October 07, 2015



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman

407, Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi, 75530-Pakistan. T: +92 (21) 35655975-6 | F: +92 (21) 3565-5977 W: www.ahln.com.pk

We have reviewed the enclosed statement of compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of KASB Invest (Private) Limited (the Management Company) for the year ended June 30, 2015 to comply with the requirements of listing regulation No. 35(Chapter XI) of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited, Lahore Stock Exchange Limited and Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited where the Modaraba is listed

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Modaraba's compliance with the provision of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control system sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risk and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Management Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Management Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

RSM Awais Hyder Liaquat Nauman is a member of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and advisory firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not listed is asperate legal entity in any jurisdiction.

 Other Offices at:

 Lahore
 : 92(42) 3587 2731.3

 Islamabad
 : 92(51) 211 4096.8

 Rawalpindi
 : 92(51) 15193135

 Faisalabad
 : 92(41) 854 1165/854 1965

 Peshawar
 : 92(91) 527 8310/527 7205

 Quetta
 : 92(81) 282 8900

 Kabul
 : 93(789) 058155



Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Management Company's compliance, in all materials respects, which the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Modaraba, for the year ended June 30, 2015.

RSM Avais Hyder Liaguat Nauman

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Dated: October 07, 2015

Engagement Partner: Adnan Zaman



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Chartered Accountants

407, Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi, 75530-Pakistan. T: +92 (21) 35655975-6 | F: +92 (21) 3565-5977 W: www.ahln.com.pk

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of FIRST PRUDENTIAL MODARABA as at June 30, 2015 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba Company's (KASB Invest (Private) Limited) responsibility who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Modaraba Company, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Modaraba Company in respect
  of First Pak Modaraba as required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation
  and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba
  Rules, 1981;
- (b) in our opinion:

i. the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in agreement with accounting policies consistently applied;

ii. the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business; and

Other Offices at:

Chice Offices at:

Lahore : 92(42) 3587 2731-3

Islamabad : 92(51) 211 4096-8

Rawalpindi : 92(51) 5193135

Faisalabad : 92(41) 854 1165/854 1965

Peshawar : 92(91) 527 8310/527 7205 Quetta : 92(81) 282 9809 Kabul : 93(799) 058155

RSM Awais Hyder Liaquat Nauman is a member of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and advisory firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a seperate legal entity in any jurisdiction .



iii. the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;

- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan ,and, give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2015 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).
- (e) Without qualifying our opinion we draw attention to note 16.1 of the condensed financial information that the Modaraba has acquired certain properties against settlement of Morahaba facility and from defaulted parties, in prior years.

### Other matter

The financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2014 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2014 vide their audit report dated April 24, 2015.

psa Dem humilyduliagulthe

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Dated: October 07, 2015

Engagement Partner: Adnan Zaman

### SHARIAH ADVISOR'S REPORT

I have reviewed the affairs of First Prudential Modaraba for the Year ended June 30, 2014 in accordance with the requirements of the Circular No.8 of 2012, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, regarding Shariah Compliance and Shariah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas.

### SHARIAH COMPLIANCE:

The Modaraba effectively has a mechanism to strengthened the Shariah compliance, in letter and spirit and the systems, procedures and policies adopted by the Modaraba are in line with the Shariah principles;

### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS:**

Based on my review, the following were the major activities / developments in respect of Shariah that took place during this period:

### BANK ACCOUNTS:

After implementation of circular # 8 of 2012. Modaraba has closed all saving accounts maintained with conventional banks.

Further, for investment and operational purposes, Modaraba is operating the Bank accounts maintained with Islamic Banks only.

### FRESH DISBURSEMENTS

### IJARAH:

Modaraba has disbursed liarah Facility to one of its clients. I confirm that this transaction was in line with Shariah and Modaraba got Shariah Approval of undersigned before execution of this transaction.

### DIVIDEND PURIFICATION:

Modaraba has effectively performed process of dividend purification of equities and transferred charitable amount into charity payable account.

### CHARITY:

I confirm that Modaraba has transferred all charitable amounts such as charity of late payment, dividend purification etc. into charity payable account.

### TAKAFUL:

For risk mitigation, Generally Modaraba adopts Takaful coverage, but for the specific request of a client, Modaraba got the policy of Insurance for some vehicles from Insurance Company.

### **EQUITY SHARES:**

Modaraba's entire equity investments were made in approved Shariah compliant scripts, except for the following shares:

### First Prudential Modaraba

Non Shariah Compliant Shares (Table.1)

S.No	Name of Shares	Quantity
1.	Prudential Discount & Guarantee House – CDC Freeze	191,700
2.	Zeal Pak Cement Factory- CDC Freeze	360,000
3.	Prudential Stocks Fund Ltd – Physical	1,670,720
4.	Prudential Securities Limited (unlisted) - Physical	1,107,244
5.	Hussain Industries - Physical	348
6.	Lahore Stock Exchange	843,975

The values of serial 1 to 5 have been fully provided in the books of account

In this year Modaraba did not dispose off the shares of Lahore stock Exchange, however non Shariah portion of the dividend received on these shares have been transferred into charity account.

Undisclosed and Non Shariah Compliant Shares (Table # 2)

S.No	Name of Shares	Quantity
1.	Zeal Pak Cement Factory- CDC Freeze	10,400,000
2.	Usman Textile Limited	700,000
3.	Investec Modaraba	500,000
4.	Investec Securities	200,000

The shares mentioned in table no 2 are undisclosed shares, these shares were transferred by a defaulted party, as the payment of claim, into the name of First Prudential Modaraba, but Modaraba refused to accept these shares till date as satisfaction of its claim.

### OBSERVATIONS:

- Shares as mentioned in Table No. 1 above are in the holding of Modaraba. However, these shares are not in the approved list of NBFI &Modaraba Association of Pakistan.
- •Modaraba took the insurance coverage for some vehicles from Insurance Company.

### RECOMMENDATION(S):

- Modaraba should dispose-off all non Shariah Compliant shares subject to the clearance of legal and availability of the buyers specially the shares of Lahore Stock Exchange where Lahore Stock Exchange has determined its value in the period under review.
- In respect of the shares of Table No. 2. Modaraba should settle the dispute with the defaulted broker as soon as possible.
- Modaraba should replace the coverage of insurance with Takaful as leading insurance companies have started their Window Takaful Operations

### CONCLUSION:

Generally, the Management of First Prudential Modaraba has effectively shown its sincerity to comply with Shariah Rulings in its true spirit: therefore. I am of the view that the business operations of First Prudential Modaraba are Shariah compliant up to the best of my knowledge.

Mufti IbrahimEssa Shariah Advisor

Date: 22 September, 2015



### BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS	Note	2015	2014
Current Assets		Rupees	Rupees
Cash and bank balances Investments Musharaka, morabaha and other finance Diminishing musharaka Ijarah rentals receivable Receivable against sale of shares - net Advances, prepayments and other receivables Total Current Assets	5 6 7 8 9	315,062,081 9,893,503 - 29,672,069 1,011,291 - 15,895,384 371,534,328	190,144,619 80,824,460 31,553,643 1,569,362 6,666,393 15,427,549 326,186,026
Non - Current Assets Long term investments Long term portion of diminishing musharaka Long term deposits Loan and receivables Intangible assets Property and equipment - own use Property, plant and equipment - ijarah Investment property Total Non - Current Assets	11 8 12 6.1 13 14 15	20,553,052 29,351,232 66,192 41,713 21,118,286 42,755,944 26,550,000 140,436,419 511,970,747	14,188,377 55,770,669 66,192 541,716 22,525,317 38,204,179 27,080,000 158,376,450
TOTAL ASSETS		511,970,747	484,562,476
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
ljarah deposits Accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed profit distribution Total Current Liabilities	17 18	17,360,122 12,597,394 24,884,016 54,841,532	26,831,162 5,441,098 25,282,315 57,554,575
Non - Current Liabilities Long term portion of ijarah deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	17	6,183,000 61,024,532	4,019,350 61,573,925
NET ASSETS		450,946,215	422,988,551
REPRESENTED BY			
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital Statutory reserves Accumulated losses	19	872,176,600 144,083,929 (565,314,314) 450,946,215	872,176,600 138,650,648 (587,838,697) 422,988,551
Contingencies and commitments	20		

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

For KASB Invest (Private) Limited (Management Company)

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

16

### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

INCOME	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
INCOME			
ljarah rentals earned Return on deposits with bank Income on diminishing musharaka Capital gain on sale of investments Dividend Rental income from investment property Other income / (loss)	21 _	11,942,533 17,427,525 9,642,456 13,082,519 3,053,416 235,000 513,667 55,897,116	22,448,109 16,575,398 10,245,053 12,139,601 2,939,081 270,000 (179,840) 64,437,402
Unrealised gain / (loss) on investments - held for trading			
at fair value through profit or loss	6.4	2,519,918	(3,255,191)
Impairment of property and equipment - own use	14	-	(21,587,035)
Impairment of an intangible asset	15	-	(5,344,352)
Loss arising on changes in fair value of investment proper Reversal / (Provision) and (impairment losses) against	ties 16	(530,000)	(14,114,500)
doubtful receivables-net	22	3,562,642	(45,956,891)
		61,449,676	(25,820,567)
EXPENDITURE			
Depreciation on ijarah assets Impairment on ijarah assets Administrative expenses Workers' welfare fund Bank and other charges Profit / (loss) for the year	15 15 23	(10,164,373) - (20,373,542) (543,328) (77,891) (31,159,134) 30,290,542	(25,013,063) (3,348,043) (18,038,788) (42,067) (46,441,961) (72,262,528)
Modaraba company's management fee Sales tax on management fee	24	(2,716,641) (407,496)	-
Profit / (loss) before taxation	_	27,166,405	(72,262,528)
Provision for taxation Profit / (loss) after taxation	25 _	27,166,405	(72,262,528)
Other comprehensive income Gain/ (deficit) on revaluation of investments available for s	ale	791,259	(365,420)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	-	27,957,664	(72,627,948)
Earnings / (loss) per certificate	26	0.31	(0.83)
Lamingo / (1000) por continuato	20 =	0.01	(0.03)

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

For KASB Invest (Private) Limited (Management Company)







### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Note A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
Profit / (loss) before taxation Adjustments for non-cash changes and other items:	27,166,405	(72,262,528)
Gain on sale of investments Dividend income	(13,082,519) (3,053,416)	(12,139,601) (2,939,081)
Unrealised (gain) / loss on changes in fair value of held for trading investments - at fair value through profit and loss Reversal / (provisions and impairment losses) against	(2,519,918)	3,255,191
doubtful receivables-net 22 Impairment on property and equipment - own use	(3,562,642)	45,956,891 21,587,035
Impairment of an intangible asset Impairment of an ijarah asset	-	5,344,352 3,348,043
Loss on remeasurement of investment property Gain on disposal-own use assets Gain / (loss) on disposal-ijarah assets	530,000 - (66,036)	14,114,500 (483,059) 1,420,558
Depreciation on ijarah assets  Depreciation on ijarah assets	1,534,531 10,164,373	2,927,228 25,013,063
Amortization - intangibles Unwinding of interest - term deposit receipt	500,003	663,822 (567,209)
Cash flows before movements in working capital	(9,555,624) 17,610,781	<u>107,501,733</u> 35,239,205
Decrease / (Increase) in operating assets Musharaka, morabaha and other finance	2,890,162	5,556,550
Diminishing musharaka liarah rentals receivable	28,301,011 558,071	(23,388,202) (1,576,149)
Receivable against sale of shares - net Advances, prepayments and other receivables	6,666,393 (437,952)	(6,666,393) (412,118)
(Decrease) / increase in operating liabilities	37,977,685	(26,486,312)
ljarah deposits Accrued and other liabilities	(7,307,390) 7,156,296	(9,947,468) (260,296)
Cash used in operations	(151,094) 55,437,372	(10,207,764) (1,454,871)
Income tax paid  Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	(150,143) 55,287,229	(180,102) (1,634,973)

18

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend received Investments encashed / (purchased) - net Proceeds from disposal - own use assets Proceeds from disposal - ijarah assets Purchase of own use assets Purchase of ijarah assets Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	3,173,676 80,959,978 16,022,378 (127,500) (30,000,000) 70,028,532	2,939,081 (28,325,755) 2,157,500 13,711,682 (120,100) (5,615,000) (15,252,592)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Profit distribution and net cash used in financing activities	(398,299)	(17,487,351)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	124,917,462	(34,374,916)
Cash and cash equivalents at July 01, 2014	190,144,619	224,519,535
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2015	315,062,081	190,144,619

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For KASB Invest (Private) Limited (Management Company)

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Capital		Revenue		
	Certificate capital	*Statutory reserve (Ic	_ ⊆	Accumulated losses	Sub total	Total
		sal	avallable for sale investments Pingos	ŭ O		
Balance at July 01, 2013	872,176,600	138,650,6		(3,210,918) (491,939,769) (495,150,687) 515,676,561	(495, 150, 687)	515,676,561
Comprehensive income						
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2013 Uther comprehensive loss for the year ended	,	1	'	(72,262,528)	(72,262,528) (72,262,528) (72,262,528)	(72,262,528)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		1	(365,420)	•	(365,420) (365,420)	(365,420)
Transfer to statutory reserve		•	(365,420)	(72,262,528)	(72,627,948)	(72,627,948)
		•	'	•	•	•
Distribution @ 2.3 % declared for the year ended						
	•	'	•	(20,060,062)	(20,060,062) (20,060,062) (20,060,062)	(20,060,062)
Balance at June 30, 2014	872 176 600	138 650 648	(3 576 338)	(584 262 359) (587 838 697) 422 988 551	(587 838 697)	422 GRB 551
Comprehensive income	2, 2, 0,000	0,000,00	(000,000,000)		(160,000,100)	122,300,331
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2015 Other comprehensive income for the year ended	,	1		27,166,405	27,166,405	27,166,405 27,166,405
June 30, 2015 Total comprehensive income for the year	,	•	791 259	•	791 259	791 259
	•	1	791,259	27,166,405	27,957,664	27,957,664
Transfer to statutory reserve	1	F 422 224		(6 433 284)	(F 422 284)	
Balance at June 30.2015		1,400,501	'	(1,423,501)	(1,433,201)	•
	872,176,600	144,083,929		(2,785,079) (562,529,235) (565,314,314) 450,946,215	(565,314,314)	450,946,215

\*Statutory reserve represents profit set aside to comply with the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the SECP. These regulations require the Modaraba to transfer not less than 20% and not more than 50% of its after tax profit till such time that reserves equals 100% of the paid up capital. Thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of the after tax profit is to be transferred.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 First Prudential Modaraba (the Modaraba) is a multipurpose, perpetual Modaraba. The Modaraba is registered under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance. 1980 and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 and was managed by Prudential Capital Management Limited (PCML) a company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance 1984. In pursuance of a show cause notice dated June 9, 2010 issued to the PCML and after taking approval from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under 20 (2) of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, the Registrar Modarabas passed an order dated October 28. 2010 under section 20 (1)(a)(iii) to remove the Modaraba Company, PCML and appointed another Modaraba Management Company as Administrator to takeover and manage the affairs of the Modaraba in place of PCML, PCML had challenged the order in the Sindh High Court (SHC) and SHC gave a verdict against the appeal dated May 22, 2014. PCML instituted a case against this order of SHC in the Supreme Court of Pakistan. On October 23, 2014, the Supreme Court of Pakistan upheld the verdict of the Sindh High Court on removal of the existing management of Prudential Capital Management Limited. Accordingly, the orders of the Registrar Modaraba dated October 28, 2010 stood restored and effective on the basis of which KASB Invest (Private) Limited (formerly KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited) took over the management and control of First Prudential Modaraba from November 13, 2014.
- 1.2 The registered office of KASB Invest (Private) Limited is situated at 8 C Block 6, PECHS, Shahrahe-Faisal, Karachi. The Modaraba is listed on Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges. The Modaraba is currently engaged in various modes of Islamic fundings and businesses which include ijarah financing, deployment of fund in musharaka, morabaha and investment in securities.
- 1.3 These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Modaraba's functional and presentation currency.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Wherever the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS), Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 and directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and control) Ordinance, 1980, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS), Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 or the directives issued by SECP prevail.

- 2.2 Initial application of standards, amendments or an interpretation to existing standards
- a) Standards that became effective but not relevant to the company or do not have material effect

The following standards, interpretations and improvements became effective for the current financial year but are either not relevant or do not have any material effect on the financial statements of the company.

- IAS 19 Employee Benefits (Amendment) Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions
- IAS 32 Financial Instruments Presentation (Amendment)
  Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities
- IAS 36 Impairment of Assets (Amendment)
  Recovery Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

### First Prudential Modaraba

IAS 36 - Impairment of Assets - (Amendment)

Recovery Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - (Amendment)
Novation of Derivative and Continuation of hedge Accounting

IFRIC 21 - Levies

b) Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB

IFRS 2 Share-based Payment - Definitions of vesting conditions

IFRS 3 Business Combinations - Accounting for contingent consideration in a business combination

IFRS 3 Business Combinations - Scope exceptions for joint ventures

IFRS 8 Operating Segments - Aggregation of operating segments

IFRS 8 Operating Segments - Reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement - Scope of paragraph 52 (portfolio exception)

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets - Revaluation method - proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation / amortisation

IAS 24 Related party Disclosures - Key management personnel

IAS 40 Investment Property - Interrelationship between IFRS 3 and IAS 40 (ancillary services)

The adoption of the above improvements to accounting standards and interpretations did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

c) Standards and interpretations issued but not vet effective for the current financial year

The following are the standards and interpretations, which have been issued but are not yet effective for the current financial year:

	Description	Effective for periods beginning on or after
IFRS 10 IFRS 10, 12 & IAS 27	Consolidated Financial Statements Investment Entities (Amendment)	January 01, 2015 January 01, 2015
IFRS 10, 12 & IAS 27	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendment	ent) January 01, 2016
IFRS 10 & IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associor Joint Venture (Amendment)	ate January 01, 2016
IFRS 11 IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment	January 01, 2015 ent) January 01, 2016
IFRS 12 IFRS 13 IAS 1 IAS 16 & 38	Disclosure of interests in Other Entities Fait Value Measurement Disclosure Initiative (Amendment) Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortisat (Amendment)	January 01, 2015 January 01, 2015 January 01, 2016 ion January 01, 2016
IAS 16 & 41 IAS 27	Agriculture Bearer Plants (Amendment) Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendment)	January 01, 2016 January 01, 2016

### Standards issued

	Description	beginning on or after
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	January 01, 2018
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 01, 2016
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018

----

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 633(1)/2014 dated 10th July 2014 has approved the below IFRSs:

- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements"
- IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements'
- IFRS 12 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement'

### 2.3 Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 1

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan notified the Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 1 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan relating to accounting for Murabaha transaction undertaken by a bank / financial institution, effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2006. The Modaraba adopted this standard effective from July 1, 2006.

### 2.4 Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 2

During the year ended June 30, 2008, Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 2 'Ijarah' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan which was notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide an SRO 431(1)/ 2007 dated May 5, 2007 was adopted. Under the above IFAS 2, the 'Ijarah' transactions are accounted for in the following manner:

- Mujir (lessors) shall present the assets subject to Ijarah in their balance sheet according to the nature of the asset, distinguished from the assets in own use.
- Costs, including depreciation on the assets given on Ijarah, incurred in earning the Ijarah income shall be recognized as an expense.
- Ijarah income shall be recognized in income on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the benefit of the use derived from the leased asset is diminished.
- SECP, vide its letter No. SC/ M/ RW/ SCM /2009 dated March 9, 2009, allowed that in case of Modarabas, IFAS-2 shall be applied for Ijarah transactions executed on or after July 1, 2008.

### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for;

- certain investments carried at fair value;
- investment property which have been measured at fair value;
- certain loan and receivables measured at amortized cost.

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

### First Prudential Modaraba

### 4.1 Property and equipment

### (i) Ijarah and depreciation

Ijarah assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any). Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset, less its residual value, is written off over its lease period. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, depreciation is charged proportionately to the period of lease.

### (ii) In own use and depreciation

Operating assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any). Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the straight-line method in accordance with the rates specified in note 14 to these financial statements. In respect of additions and disposal during the year, depreciation is charged proportionately to the period of use.

Gain or loss on disposal of assets is recognised as income or expense.

Assets' residual values and their useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred.

### 4.2 Investment property

Investment property, which are held for rentals and capital appreciation, are measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, it is measured at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

### 4.3 Intangibles

An intangible asset is recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of such asset can be measured reliably.

### Definite life

Intangible assets having a finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only where it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Amortisation is charged to income using the straight line method in accordance with the rates specified in note 13 to these financial statements. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed and adjusted, as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use while in the case of assets disposed off, it is charged till the month preceding the month of disposal.

### Indefinite life

The useful life of an intangible asset that is not being amortised is reviewed at the end of each period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for that asset.

### 4.4 Investments

### i) Held for trading "at fair value through profit or loss"

Such investments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value. As per requirement of IAS-39 "Financial Instruments, Recognition and Measurement" the gain or loss on revaluation of investment held for trading is to be included in profit and loss account.

### ii) Available for sale

Investment securities held by the Modaraba which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale. These investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction cost and subsequently measured at fair value. The investments, for which quoted market price is not available, are measured at costs as it is not possible to apply any other valuation methodology. Gains and losses arising from re-measurement at fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income.

### iii) Held to maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, and which, the Modaraba has positive intent and ability to hold till maturity. Held to maturity investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction cost and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method, less any impairment loss recognized to reflect irrecoverable amounts.

### iv) Loan and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are recognized at fair value upon origination and are subsequently measured at amortized cost by the effective interest method. Short term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### v) Derecognition

All investments are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Modaraba has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

### vi) Investment in associates

These investments are accounted for using equity method of accounting and initially are recognized at cost

4.5 Ijarah rentals receivable, morabaha and musharaka and diminishing musharaka finances

Receivables considered doubtful are provided for in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas. Specific provision is also made for receivables considered doubtful.

### 4.6 Staff retirement benefits

### Defined contribution plan

The Modaraba operates a defined contribution provident fund for all employees who opt for deductions. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Modaraba and the employees to the fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

### 4.7 Accrued and other liabilities

These are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services.

### 4.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Modaraba has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### First Prudential Modaraba

### 4.9 Impairment

### Financial Assets

Impairment is recognised by the Modaraba on the basis of requirements given under Prudential Regulations for Modaraba and subjective evaluation carried out on an on-going basis.

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

### Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Modaraba assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the profit and loss account - is removed from equity and recognised in the profit and loss account. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the profit and loss account; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in equity.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available-for-sale, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortised cost. Interest continues to be accrued at the original effective interest rate on the carrying amount of the asset and is recorded as part of 'Interest and similar income'. If, in a subsequent year, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the profit and loss account, the impairment loss is reversed through the profit and loss account.

All impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any cumulative loss in respect of an available-forsale financial asset recognised previously in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial assets measured at amortised cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss. For available-for-sale financial assets that are equity securities, the reversal is recognised directly in equity.

### Non-financial assets

The Modaraba assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets except deferred tax assets and investment properties may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Where impairment loss for asset subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of initial cost of the asset. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised as income.

### 4.10 Revenue recognition

### 4.10.1 liarah rentals

Income from ijarah is recognised as and when lease rentals become due on a systematic basis over the lease and ijarah period.

Documentation charges, front end fees and other ijarah related income are taken to profit and loss account when they are realised.

### 4.10.2 Hire purchase transactions

For hire purchase transactions, the unearned finance income is deferred and taken to income over the period of hire purchase, applying the annuity method to produce a constant rate of return on the net investment.

### 4.10.3 Morabaha and musharaka transactions

Profit from musharaka transactions is recognised on the basis of pro rata accrual of the profit estimated for the transaction over the period.

Profit from morabaha finance is accounted for on culmination of morabaha transaction. However, the profit on that portion of morabaha finance not due for payment is deferred by accounting for "Deferred Morabaha Income" with a corresponding credit to "Unearned Morabaha Income" which is recorded as a liability. The same is then recognised on a time proportion basis.

### 4.10.4 Diminishing musharaka

Profit on diminishing musharaka is recognised as and when profits become due on a systematic basis over the term of diminishing musharaka period.

### 4.10.5 Rental Income

Rental Income arising from investment properties is accounted for on accrual basis.

### 4.10.6 Dividend income

Dividend is recognised as income when the right of receipt is established.

### 4.10.7 Return on finance

Return on finance is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

### 4.10.8 Other income

Other income is recognised on accrual basis.

### 4.10.9 Income from Shariah non-compliant avenues

Income from Shariah non-compliant avenues is not recognised in the profit and loss account and is classified as charity payable.

### 4.10.10 Mark-up income

Mark-up / return on deposits / investments is recognised on accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

### First Prudential Modaraba

### 4.11 Taxation

### Current

Provision for taxation is made on taxable income if any, at the prevailing rates of tax after taking into account any tax credit available.

The income of non-trading Modaraba is exempt from taxation under clause 100 of Part 1 of the Second schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the total profits in the year as reduced by the amount transferred in statutory reserve are distributed amondst the certificate holders.

### Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liability is generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

### 4.12 Foreign currencies translation

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange approximating to those prevalent on the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transactions are converted into Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions. Exchange gains and losses on translation are taken to income currently.

### 4.13 Financial assets

Financial assets comprise of Ijarah rentals receivable, investments, musharaka, diminishing musharaka and morabaha finances, deposits, other receivables, excluding taxation. Ijarah rentals receivable, musharaka, morabaha and other receivables are stated at cost as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

### 4.14 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of contractual arrangements entered into. Financial liabilities include ijarah deposits, accrued and other liabilities and unclaimed profit distribution.

### 4.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, with banks on current, savings and deposit accounts, as well as balance held with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

### 4.16 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet, if the Modaraba has a legal enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settlle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Corresponding income on the assets and charge on the liability is also off- set.

### 4.17 Profit distribution

Profit distribution to the Modaraba's certificate holders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the distributions are approved by the board of the Modaraba Company.

### 4.18 Earning per certificate

The Modaraba presents basic and diluted earnings per certificate data for its certificate holders. Basic earning per certificate is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to certificate holders of the Modaraba by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per certificate is determined by adjusting profit or loss attributable to certificate holders and the weighted average number of certificates outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential certificates.

### 4.19 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Modaraba's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Modaraba's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows: -

i) classification of investments (Note 6)
 ii) provision for doubtful recovery against investments (Note 6)
 iii) amortisation of intangible assets (Note 13)
 iv) depreciation on property and equipment (Note 15 & 16)
 v) impairment losses / provision for doubtful receivables (Note 23)
 vi) contingencies (Note 20)

	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
5. CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand Cash at banks		10,000	6,399
Current accounts Saving accounts	5.1	8,978,754 306,073,327 315,052,081 315,062,081	187,431,407 2,706,813 190,138,220 190,144,619
		=======================================	=======================================

<sup>5.1</sup> Effective mark-up rate in respect of saving accounts ranges from 4.25% to 9.00% (2014: 3.5% to 8.85%) per annum.

6.	INVESTMENTS  Loans and receivables		June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
	Receivable against TDR - considered good Held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	6.1	702,490	1,035,824
	Quoted securities	6.2	9,191,013 9,893,503	79,788,636 80,824,460

6.1 Modaraba had entered into an agreement dated December 06, 2012, with the Invest Capital Investment Bank Limited (ICIBL) for settlement of the term deposit receipt of Rs.10 million. As per the terms, the entire mark-up/profit/penalties accrued till date of settlement agreement was waived off by the Modaraba. The balance was receivable in 60 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 166,667 beginning from December 10, 2012 at Nil profit. Rescheduled amount was as follows:

Term Deposit Receipt as at December 06, 2012	10,000,000	10,000,000
Less: Amortization charge	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Less: Received in earlier period	(2,183,609)	(807,508)
Total receivable	5,816,391	7,192,492
Instalments received during the year	(333,334)	(1,376,101)
Net receivable	5,483,057	5,816,391
Provision against doubtful recoveries	(4,780,567)	(4,780,567)
	702,490	1,035,824

6.1.1 During the course of due diligence conducted as of November 30, 2014 and on the basis of correspondence provided by ICIBL it was revealed that the Modaraba had entered into an arrangement of Portfolio Management Services with ICIBL and a limited liability company was incorporated for this purpose in 2010, under which ICIBL incurred an expenditure of Rs. 5.78 million on account of bidding for Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE) membership as authorised by previous Board of Directors of the Modaraba Management Company in their meeting held on April 25, 2010. The Modaraba filed an application to SECP for relaxation of Regulation 7(7) of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas for investing in an unlisted entity which was rejected. This resulted in forfeiture of amount paid for bidding for purchase of membership card by KSE. These facts were not on record nor reflected in the books of accounts of the Modaraba in subsequent years before incorporated in financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### First Prudential Modaraba

June

### 6.2 Quoted securities

June

Unless stated otherwise, the holdings are in the fully paid ordinary shares/ certificates/ units of Rs 10/- each.

.lune

June

June 2015	June 2014			June 2015 Rupees	June 2014 Rupees
Number of 0 Shares/ Unit 162,000		Name of investee Commercial Banks Bankislami Pakistan Limited		1,652,400	-
- - - -	31,000 22,000 7,000 37,200 15,600	Oil & gas exploration companies Attock Refinery Limited National Refinery Limited Pakistan State Oil Company Limited Pakistan Petroleum Limited Shell Pakistan Limited		- - - -	6,580,990 4,738,140 2,721,950 8,345,448 4,309,968
- -	100,000 100,000	Chemicals Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited Lotte Chemical Pakistan Limited			11,225,000 719,000
- - -	355,000 17,500 15,000 5,000	Construction and materials (Cement) Fauji Cement Company Limited D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited Cherat Cement Company Limited Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited		- - - -	6,830,200 1,539,300 981,900 150,250
-	35,000	Automobile & parts General Tyre and Rubber Company of Pakistan Limited		-	2,826,250
-	117,500	Food producers Engro Foods Limited		-	12,047,275
-	72,000	Household goods Tariq Glass Limited		-	2,260,800
525	525	Personal goods Nishat Mills Limited *		59,971	58,758
79,500 -	183,000 125,000	Electricity The Hub Power Company Limited Pak Gen Power Limited		7,438,815 -	10,749,420 2,255,000
1,495	1,495	Multiutilities (gas and water) Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited *		39,827	33,862
-	25,000	Equity Investment Instruments First Habib Modaraba (Face value of certificate Rs.5/- each)		-	243,750
-	40,000	Software and Computer services NetSol Technologies Limited		-	1,168,800
348 1,670,720 360,000 2,274,588 * These shares	348 1,670,720 360,000 3,335,888	Suspended / Delisted Companies Hussain Industries Limited * Prudential Stock Fund Zeal-Pak Cement Factory Limited name of the Modaraba: Nishat Mills L	6.3 6.3 .imited	9,191,013 =	2,575 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

<sup>\*</sup> These shares are not in the name of the Modaraba: Nishat Mills Limited 25 (2014: 25) shares (Second Prudential Modaraba), Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited 254 (2014: 254) shares and Hussain Industries Limited 348 shares (2014: 348) (Third Prudential Modaraba).

6.3	This represents non-shariah compliant inv	estments.		
		Note	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
6.4	Unrealised gain / (loss) on investments - h at fair value through profit or loss	eld for trad	ling	
	Weighted average cost of investments Changes in fair value for the year Market value of investments	6.2	6,671,095 2,519,918 9,191,013	83,043,827 (3,255,191) 79,788,636

### 7. MUSHARIKA, MORABAHA AND OTHER FINANCE

considered good

<ul> <li>considered doubtful</li> </ul>		354,015,406		356,905,56
Less: Provision against doubtful amounts		(354,015,406)		(356,905,568
-	7.1		_	
		-		
Other finance - unsecured				
- considered good			_	
- considered doubtful		_		

7.2

11,002,281

11,002,281

(11,002,281)

11,002,281

(11,002,281)

Less: Provision against doubtful amounts

7.1 Mushar	ika and r	norabaha f	inance					
		Considere	Considered Good C		Considered Doubtful		Total	
	Note	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	
Unsecured Musharika finance								
Principal		-	-	105,172,201	105,172,201	105,172,201	105,172,201	
Profit		-	-	45,238,105	45,238,105	45,238,105	45,238,105	
Subtotal	-	-	-	150,410,306	150,410,306	150,410,306	150,410,306	
Secured Morabaha finance								
Principal		-	-	82,518,261	85,408,423	82,518,261	85,408,423	
Profit '		-	-	121,086,839	121,086,839	121,086,839	121,086,839	
Subtotal	7.1.1	-	-	203,605,100	206,495,262	203,605,100	206,495,262	
Less: Provision again doubtful receivables	st 7.1.2	_	_	(354.015.406)(	(356 905 568)	(354 015 406)	(356 905 568)	

7.1.1 This include amount of Musharaka and Morabaha finance receivable from various parties, outstanding since many years. As per terms of the agreements, the profit against these finances ranged from 14% to 21%. These finances were secured against equitable mortgage of immovable properties and charge on vehicles, machineries, other assets and personal guarantee of sponsor directors. However, based on the guidelines of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas, principal and profit receivable against these finances have been fully provided and suspended accordingly.

### 7.1.2 Movement of provision for doubtful receivable

7.1.2 Movement of pr	OVISIO	on for doubtfu	ji receivable	S			
•		June 30, 2015			June 30, 2014		
N	Vote	Principal	Profit	Total	Principal	Profit	Total
0		100 500 004	100 001 011	050 005 500	470 000 405	107.044.407	0.40.070.000
Opening balance		190,580,624	166,324,944	356,905,568	178,832,495	167,844,137	346,676,632
Provision / (reversal of		(0.000.400)		(0.000.400)	44 740 400	(4 = 40 400)	40 000 000
provision) during the year	r	(2,890,162)	-	(2,890,162)	11,748,129	(1,519,193)	10,228,936
Closing balance		187.690.462	166.324.944	354.015.406	190.580.624	166.324.944	356.905.568

### First Prudential Modaraba

		Note	<b>June 30,</b> 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
7.2	Movement of provision for doubtful receivable	S		
	Opening balance For the year Closing balance		11,002,281 - 11,002,281	2,211,076 8,791,205 11,002,281

7.2.1 The finance was provided to Invest Capital Investment Bank Limited (ICIBL) against certain ijarah assets under a funded risk participation agreement. It carried return at the rate 17.16 % (2014: 17.16%) per annum.

### 8. DIMINISHING MUSHARIKA

Principal	57,871,991	86,823,244
Profit	1,151,310_	501,068
	59,023,301	87,324,312
Less: long term portion	_(29,351,232)_	(55,770,669)
- '	29,672,069	31,553,643

8.1 These carry profit rate ranging from 12.8% to 14.68% (2014: 12.8% to 13.11%) per annum and are repayable on monthly basis over a maximum period of three years.

### 9. IJARAH RENTALS RECEIVABLE

	Considered good Considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	9.1	1,011,291 23,321,547 24,332,838 (23,321,547) 1,011,291	1,569,362 23,994,027 25,563,389 (23,994,027) 1,569,362
9.1	Movement in provision for doubtful receivable	es		
	Opening balance Charge for the year Reversal during the year Closing balance	9.1.1	23,994,027 (672,480) (672,480) 23,321,547	23,115,511 1,180,455 (301,939) 878,516 23,994,027
9.2	Future minimum ijarah rentals receivable			
	Within one year After one year but not more than five years		8,334,779 17,297,606	6,079,497 4,548,373

25.632.385

10.627.870

### 10. ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Considere	ed Good	Considered I	Doubtful	Tota	al
	Note	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Advance							
Income tax		13,523,899	13,373,756	-	-	13,523,899	13,373,756
To staff	10.1	328,299	100,659	1,814,000	1,814,000	2,142,299	1,914,659
Prepayments		274,799	265,715	-	-	274,799	265,715
Other receivables from Brokers on account	า						
of sale of shares	10.2	-	-	65,619,559	65,619,558	65,619,559	65,619,558
of advance for share	s10.3	-	-	18,432,273	18,432,273	18,432,273	18,432,273
A bank	10.4	-	-	10,241,347	10,241,347	10,241,347	10,241,347
Return on deposits							
with banks		1,436,005	1,313,486	-	-	1,436,005	1,313,486
Others		332,382	373,933	13,177,944	13,177,945	13,510,326	13,551,878
Sub total		15,895,384	15,427,549	109,285,123	109,285,123	125,180,507	124,712,672
Provision for doubtful							
receivables	10.5	-	-	(109,285,123)(	109,285,123)(	109,285,123)(	109,285,123)
		15,895,384	15,427,549	-	-	15,895,384	15,427,549

- 10.1 The doubtful amount of Rs.1.8 million was paid to an ex-managing director of the Modaraba without prior approval of the board of directors for the purchase of a motor vehicle. The Modaraba has initiated criminal proceedings for the recovery of said amount from the ex-managing director.
- 10.2 The doubtful amount includes claim of Rs.64.62 million receivable from a defaulted stock broker Investec Securities Limited. The said broker, through its various correspondences with the Modaraba has offered / transferred shares and certificates of following entities on various dates which are not acknowledged by the Modaraba. Owing to the weak financial position of the entities and significance of the amount of claim, the management of the Modaraba has not accepted the shares / certificates as satisfaction of claim and same is not recorded in the books of accounts. Detail of shares / certificates offered / transferred is as under.

Name of entities	No. of Shares / Certificates
Zeal-Pak Cement Factory Limited	10,400,000
Usman Textile Mills Limited	700,000
First Investec Modaraba	500,000
Investec Securities Limited	200,000

10.3 This amount includes Rs. 17.89 million paid as advance for purchase of securities to Prudential Securities Limited (PSL). Remaining amount of Rs. 0.54 million is blocked in CDC-sub account of the said broker against various shares as under:

Name of companies	No. of Shares	Value as per investor's claim
Al-Ghazi Tractors Limited	500	112,095
Javed Omer Vohra & Company Limited	1,000	8,460
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	2,100	422,478

Operations of PSL has been ceased by Karachi Stock Exchange Limited (KSE) and the Modaraba has filed a claim with the KSE for the whole amount. Subsequent events' review confirmed existence of event of default as on reporting date and therefore, the provision has been made accordingly.

10.4 This represents an unauthorized amount debited to Modaraba's account by a scheduled commercial bank on behalf of a party considered to be a group company. The Modaraba filed a suit with a banking court for recovery under the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, XLVI of 2001 which was decreed against the Modaraba only due to the reason that it was time-barred. Management filed an appeal in the Sindh High Court against the judgment of the Banking Court. The Sindh High Court has set aside the decree of the Banking Court with the directions that the Banking Court, in the first instance, shall decide the application for leave to defend moved by the Bank. The case is under process with the Banking Court

June 30,

June 30,

				2015 Rupees		2014 Rupees
10.5 Moveme	ent in provision	for doubtful receivables				
Provisio	g balance on for the year balance			109,285,1		90,852,850 18,432,273 109,285,123
11. LONG T	TERM INVEST	MENTS				
Listed e	e for sale ntity I companies		11.1 11.2	11,125,8 9,427,2 20,553,0	01_	4,870,302 9,318,075 14,188,377
11.1 Listed er	ntities					
June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014			Note	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Number of Units	s of Rs. 100 eac	ch				
50,747	48,116	UBL Al-Ameen Islamic Prese Cost Unrealized gain / (Unrealized		Fund III-A	5,284,606 255,402 5,540,008	5,000,000 (129,698) 4,870,302
380,766	-	Meezan Balanced Fund Cost Unrealized gain			5,288,810 <u>297,033</u> <u>5,585,843</u> 11,125,851	4,870,302
11.2 Unlisted Number of Shar		ch				
1,107,244	1,107,244	Prudential Securities Limited Cost Less: Impairment		2.1 & 11.2.2	4,173,707 (4,173,707)	4,173,707 (4,173,707)
191,700	191,700	Prudential Discount and Gui House Limited	arantee	e 11.2.2	-	-
843,975	843,975	Lahore Stock Exchange Lim Cost Less: Fair value adjustment		11.2.3	12,764,715 (3,337,514) 9,427,201 9,427,201	12,764,715 (3,446,640) 9,318,075 9,318,075

11.2.1 Movement of impairment	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
Opening balance Impairment charge during the year Closing balance		4,173,707	4,173,707

The breakup value of shares of Prudential Securities Limited was Rs. 3.77 per share based on last available audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008.

11.2.2 Due to adverse financial condition of the investee Company, investments have been fully impaired.

11.2.3 This represents shares acquired against the surrender of Lahore Stock Exchange Limited membership card (refer note 13.1). Under the current circumstances the active market is not available for such shares, therefore the net asset based valuation has been considered as the closest estimate of the fair value of the shares. The Modaraba has recognized a fair value adjustment based on latest available audited financial statements of the investee company for the year ended June 30, 2014, the breakup value of which is Rs. 11.17 per share.

### 12. LONG TERM DEPOSITS

Margin deposit	12.1	3,000,000	3,000,000
Other deposits		66,192	66,192
		3,066,192	3,066,192
Less: Provision against doubtful amounts	10.3&12.2	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
		66,192	66,192

12.1 This margin deposit was held with a defaulted broker, Prudential Securities Limited, whose operations has been ceased by Karachi Stock Exchange Limited (KSE) and the Modaraba has filed a claim with the KSE for the amount. (Refer note 10.3)

12.2 On confirmed existence of event of default, the provision was made accordingly.

### 13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

LSE - Trading right entitlement certificate (TREC)	13.1	5,344,352	5,344,352
Computer software	13.2	41,713	541,716
		5,386,065	5,886,068
Impairment of TREC	13.1.2	(5,344,352)_	(5,344,352)_
		41,713	541,716

13.1 LSE membership card and room was obtained by the Modaraba in the year 2010 against the settlement of certain outstanding balance receivable against a defaulted party.

Pursuant to demutualization of LSE, the ownership rights in a Stock Exchange were segregated from the right to trade on an exchange. As a result of such demutualization, the membership card had been surrendered to LSE against the following;

- (a) 843,975 ordinary shares of face value of Rs. 10 each of LSE; and
- (b) Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC).

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan in its opinion dated May 29, 2013, concluded that the demutualization, in substance, had not resulted in exchange of dissimilar assets, and therefore no gain or loss should be recognized and the segregation of ownership rights and the trading rights should be accounted for by allocating the cost/carrying value of the membership card between the two distinct assets on a reasonable basis.

Out of total shares issued to the modaraba by LSE, the Modaraba had received 40% equity shares i.e. 337,590 shares in its CDC account. The remaining 60% shares had been transferred to CDC sub-account in the Modaraba's name under LSE's participant IDs with the CDC which will remain blocked until these are divested/sold to strategic investor(s), general public and financial institutions and proceeds are paid to the Modaraba.

LSE had determined the fair value of shares on the basis of the fair valuation of the underlying assets and liabilities of LSE in accordance with the requirement of the Demutualization Act. The breakup value of share of Rs. 11.04 per share, based on latest available financial information for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, is considered as the closest estimates of the fair value of the shares. Further, the board of directors of LSE in the meeting held on July 22, 2013 had determined the Notional Value of the TREC as Rs. 4 millions.

Therefore, based on the above estimates of fair values of LSE shares (Rs. 9.554 million) and TREC (Rs. 4 million), the Modaraba had allocated its carrying value of the membership card in the ratio of 0.71 to shares and 0.29 to TREC after deducting the value of broker room based on its fair value determined through valuation carried out by independent valuer. The allocation is as follows:

	Note	Rupees
Membership card and a room as at July 01, 2012		22,326,567
Less: Broker's room at fair value		4,217,500
Amount attributable to LSE shares and TREC	13.1.1	18,109,067

13.1.1 Allocation made on the said ratio:

Trading right entitlement certificate (TREC)	5,344,352
Ordinary shares	12,764,715
	18,109,067

13.1.2 As per section 16 of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012, every TREC holder was required to register itself as a broker within two years of the date of demutualization i.e. by August 26, 2014, failure to which would've resulted in the lapse of the TREC. The impairment has been recorded as the modaraba did not register itself as a broker before the expiry of the said date.

		COST		Ā	AMORTIZATION	NO		
Particular	As at July 01, 2015	Additions during the year	As at June 30, 2015	As at Charge July 01, for the 2014 year Rupees	Charge for the year es	As at June 30, 2015	Book value as at June 30, 2015	Rate of Amortization %
Management information system (MIS)	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,500,000 958,284 500,003	500,003	1,458,287	41,713	33
Windows operating licenses	327,744		327,744	327,744 327,744	•	327,744	•	20
Total	1,827,744		1,827,7441,286,028 500,003	1,286,028	500,003	1,786,031	41,713	
For comparative period		COST		Α	AMORTIZATION	N O		
Particular	As at July 01, 2013	Additions during the year	As at June 30, 2014	As at Charge July 01, for the 2013 year Rupees	Charge for the year es	As at June 30, 2014	Book value as at June 30, 2014	Rate of Amortization %
Management information system (MIS)	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,500,000 458,334 499,950	499,950	958,284	541,716	33
Windows operating licenses	327,744		327,744	327,744 163,872 163,872	163,872	327,744		20
Total	1,827,744		1,827,744 622,206 663,822	622,206	663,822	1,286,028	541,716	

38

PERTY AND	14 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - OWN USE $^{\circ}$	IT - OWN US	SE Cost		Depreciation	ation			Impairment		
Note	at July 01, 2014	Additions/ (Disposals)	at June 30, 2015	At July 01, For the year 2014 (on disposals	For the year / (on disposals)	Accumulated at June 30, 2015	at July 01, 2014	For the year	at June Ca 30, 2015 at	at June Carrying value 30, 2015 at June 30, 2015	"Rate %"
4.	46,761,122	'	R 46,761,122	Rupees 61,122 3,507,087	1,171,190	4,678,277	21,587,035		21,587,035	20,495,810	2
	797,071	115,000	912,071	588,551	110,118	698,669			,	213,402	33
	1,311,144		1,311,144	948,898	111,640	1,060,538			,	250,606	20
Computer equipment	815,688	12,500	828,188	590,255	124,881	715,136			,	113,052	33
	2,261,575		2,261,575	2,199,457	16,702	2,216,159	ı	1		45,416	20
	51,946,600	127,500	52,074,100	7,834,248	1,534,531	9,368,779	21,587,035		21,587,035	21,118,286	
- For comparative period			Cost		Depreciation	ation			Impairment		
Note	at July 01, 2013	Additions/ (Disposals)	at June 30, 2014	At July 01, For the year 2013 (on disposals	For the year / (on disposals)	Accumulated at June 30, 2014	at July 01, 2013	For the year	at June Ca 30, 2014 at	at June Carrying value 30, 2014 at June 30, 2014	"Rate %"
1.4	46,761,122	<u>'</u>	R 46,761,122	Rupees 61,122 1,169,028	2,338,059	3,507,087		21,587,035	21,587,035 21,587,035	21,667,000	2
	892,971	99,100 (195,000)	797,071	693,497	90,054 (195,000)	588,551	•			208,520	33
	1,290,144	21,000	1,311,144	807,928	140,970	948,898	1	,		362,246	20
Computer equipment	894,788	. (79,100)	815,688	524,022	144,542 (78,309)	590,255	1			225,433	33
	5,035,360	(2,773,785)	2,261,575	3,085,989	213,603 (1,100,135)	2,199,457				62,118	20
	54 874 385	120 100	51 946 600	6 280 464	9 00 7 00 0	2 N C N C A C		24 587 035	21 587 035 21 587 035	22 E2E 217	

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - IJARAH 15

	Useful Life	24 to 60 months	24 to 60 months	42,755,944 24 to 60 months				Useful Life		24 to 60 months	24 to 60 months	24 to 60 months	
	Carrying value at June 30, 2015	·	,	42,755,944	42,755,944			Carrying value at June 30, 2014		•	•	38,204,179	38,204,179
	Accumulated Carrying value at June 30, 2015	197,500	288,850	14,295,627	14,781,977			Accumulated at June 30, 2014		197,500	288,850	14,711,484	15,197,834
Impairment	For the year			. (415,857)	(415,857)		Impairment	For the year				3,348,043	3,348,043
	Accumulated at July 1, 2014	197,500	288,850	14,711,484	15,197,834			Accumulated at July 1, 2013		197,500	288,850	11,363,441	11,849,791
		572,500	512,150	84,153,457	85,238,107			Accumulated at June 30, 2014		572,500	512,150	100,340,064	101,424,714
Depreciation	For the year / Accumulated (on disposals) at June 30, 2015	Rupees	' 0	10,164,373 (26,350,980)	10,164,373 (26,350,980)		Depreciation	For the year / A	Rupees	30,501 (3,668,000)	•	24,982,562 (21,200,133)	25,013,063 (24,868,133)
	Accumulated at July 1, 2014	572,500	512,150	100,340,064	101,424,714			Accumulated at July 1, 2013		4,209,999	512,150	96,557,635	101,279,784
	at June 30, 2015	770,000	801,000	141,205,028	142,776,028			at June 30, 2014		770,000	801,000	153,255,727	154,826,727
Cost	Additions/ (Disposals)		•	30,000,000 (42,050,699)	30,000,000 (42,050,699)		Cost	Additions/ (Disposals)		(4,585,000)	•	5,615,000 (35,415,373)	5,615,000 (40,000,373)
	at July 1, 2014	770,000	801,000	153,255,727	154,826,727	period		at July 1, 2013		5,355,000	801,000	183,056,100	189,212,100
		Plant and machinery	Office equipment	Vehicles		- For comparative perioc				Plant and machinery	Office equipment	Vehicles	•
						40							

# INVESTMENT PROPERTIES CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE 16.

	Note	at July 01, Additions at cc 2014	at July 01, Additions at cost Unrealised Fair values 2014 to 2015	Independent valuer's name	Valuation date
Office suite	16.1	8,400,000	Rupees (150,000) 8,250,000	Ocean Surveyors (Private) Limited	September 28, 2015
Lahore Stock Exchange broker's room 16.2	16.2	3,000,000	3,000,000	Ocean Surveyors (Private) Limited	September 28, 2015
Four shops	16.3	15,680,000	(380,000) 15,300,000	Ocean Surveyors	September 28, 2015
- For comparative period		27,080,000	(530,000) 26,550,000		
	Note	at July 01, Additions at cost 2013	st Unrealised Fair values Independent valuer's name loss at June 30, 2014	ndependent valuer's name	Valuation date
Office premise	16.1	10,815,000	Rupees (2,415,000) 8,400,000 Iqbal. (Priva	Rupees	April 10, 2015
Lahore Stock Exchange broker's room 16.2	16.2	4,217,500	(1,217,500) 3,000,000 Id ()	3,000,000 Iqbal A. Nanjee & Co. (Private) Limited	April 10, 2015
Four shops	16.3		(10,482,000) 15,680,000 Iqbal A. Nanjee & Co.	qbal A. Nanjee & Co. Privata) I imited	April 10, 2015
		41,194,500	(14,114,500) 27,080,000	וועמנס) בוווונסס	

16.1 In pursuance of execution of the degree the office suite in Fayyaz Center, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi, mortgaged with the Modaraba as security against a morabaha facility, were assigned by the Sindh High Court in 1999. This property is in name of the Second Prudential Modaraba.

16.2 Due to demutualization of the Lahore Stock Exchange Limited (refer note 13.1) the Modaraba has classified the broker's room as an investment property. Stock is proper to a shops in Zarkoon Plaza, Rawalpindi acquired through a settlement agreement. It includes cost of Rs. 50,000 incurred in transferring the ownership of the said offices in the name of the Modaraba.

16.4 These valuations have been arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction price for similar properties.

41

17.	IJARAH DEPOSITS	Note	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
	ljarah deposits Long term portion	-	23,543,122 (6,183,000) 17,360,122	30,850,512 (4,019,350) 26,831,162
18.	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Accrued expenses Management fee Share in common expenses Insurance on ijarah assets Workers welfare fund Charity Payable Others	18.1 18.2 -	1,080,959 3,124,137 1,496,686 208,493 3,129,001 566,601 2,991,517 12,597,394	1,278,250 374,340 2,585,673 220,790 982,045 5,441,098

18.1 The Finance Act 2008, introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). Through these amendments Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) is payable @ 2% of the profit before taxation as per the financial statements or taxable income which ever is higher.

During the year 2011, the Honourable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional and struck them down. In March 2013 a larger bench of the Sindh High Court (SHC) in various constitutional petitions declared that amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006 and the Finance Act 2008, do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity.

The Management Company, being prudent, has made the provision for WWF amounting to Rs. 2.58 million in these financial statements..

18.2 This includes amounts relating to charity accrued on various non-Shariah compliant avenues. The management utilises the balances as per the requirements of Clause VI of circular no 8 of 2012 (Shari'ah Compliance and Shari'ah Audit Mechanism) for Modarabas.

Movement in charity payable

Opening balance	220,790	645,131
Add: amount credited during the year	345,811	1,225,659
3 ,	566,601	1,870,790
Less : Paid during the year	-	(1,650,000)
Closing balance	566,601	220,790

### 19. CERTIFICATE CAPITAL

June 2015	June 2014		June 2015 Rupees	June 2014 Rupees
Number of	Certificates	Authorised	rapooo	тарооо
87,217,660	87,217,660	Modaraba certificates of Rs.10/- each	872,176,600	872,176,600
13,451,650	13,451,650	Issued, subscribed and paid-up Modaraba certificates of Rs.10/- each fully paid in cash	134,516,500	134,516,500
8,864,716	8,864,716	Modaraba certificates of Rs.10/- each fully paid bonus certificates	88,647,160	88,647,160
64,901,294	64,901,294	Modaraba certificates of Rs.10/- issued under scheme of arrangement for amalgamation with Second and Third Prudential Modaraba	649.012.940	649,012,940
87,217,660	87,217,660	Tillia i Tudettilai Wodalaba	872,176,600	872,176,600
=======================================	=======================================		=======================================	=======================================

As at June 30, 2015, the Prudential Capital Management Company Limited (The ex-management company) held 10,521,305 (2014: 10,521,305) certificates of Rs. 10 each.

### 20. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### Contingencies

The taxation officer while making assessment in respect of tax years 2006, 2007 and 2008 disallowed certain expenses on account of apportionment between normal and presumptive income and created an additional demand of Rs. 6.53 million.

The Modaraba had filed appeals with CIT(Appeals) against the said orders, which is pending.

No provision has been made in the financial statements in this regard as the management is confident that ultimate outcome of the appeals in question will be in favour of the Modaraba.

	Note	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
21.	OTHER INCOME / (LOSS)		
	Gain on disposal of property and equipment -own use Gain / (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment- Ijarah Front end fee, documentation charges and others Unwinding of interest - term deposit receipt	66,036 447,631 - 513,667	483,059 (1,420,558) 190,450 567,209 (179,840)

Musharaka and morabaha finance         7.1.2 Other finance         (2,890,162)         10,228,936           Other finance ljarah finance         9.1 (672,480)         8,791,205           Advances, prepayments and other receivables         10.5         -         18,432,273           Long term deposits         12         -         3,000,000           Others         12         -         3,000,000           (154,606)         (3,562,642)         45,956,891           23. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES         23.1 6,578,197         5,828,688           Salaries, allowances and benefits         23.1 6,578,197         5,828,688           Transaction cost on investments         364,988         469,234           Fees and subscription         1,098,855         859,577           Repairs and maintenance         1,134,245         998,975           Rent, rates and taxes         95,634         22,992           Registrar services         900,000         900,000           Telephone and postage         392,348         898,948           Travelling and conveyance         262,315         441,625           Depreciation-own use assets         14         1,534,531         2,927,228           Amortization - intangibles         13.2         500,003         663,7			Note	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
Investments - loan and receivables (term deposit receipt) 6.1  Musharaka and morabaha finance  7.1.2  Other finance  7.2  Ijarah finance  Advances, prepayments and other receivables  Long term deposits  Others  23. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES  Salaries, allowances and benefits  Transaction cost on investments  Salaries and maintenance  1,134,245  Regairs and maintenance  1,134,245  Regairs and maintenance  Regairs are revices  Series  Repairs and taxes  Registrar services  Depreciation-own use assets  Amortization - intangibles  13. Cegal and professional  Electricity, water and gas  Printing and stationery  Vehicles running  Legal and professional  Entertainment  1,4,780,567  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,228,936  10,578,197  10,5828,688  10,578,197  10,5828,688  10,578,197  10,5828,688  10,578,197  10,5828,688  10,578,197  10,5828,688  10,578,197  10,98,855  10,98,855  10,98,956,891  10,98,855  10,98,956,891  10,5828,988  1			LOSSES AG	AINST	
Musharaka and morabaha finance         7.1.2         (2,890,162)         10,228,936           Other finance         7.2         -         -         8,791,205           Ijarah finance         9.1         (672,480)         878,516           Advances, prepayments and other receivables         10.5         -         18,432,273           Long term deposits         12         -         3,000,000           Others         (154,606)         (154,606)           (3,562,642)         45,956,891           23. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES           Salaries, allowances and benefits         23.1         6,578,197         5,828,688           Transaction cost on investments         364,988         469,234           Fees and subscription         1,098,855         859,577           Repairs and maintenance         1,134,245         998,975           Rent, rates and taxes         95,634         22,992           Registrar services         900,000         900,000           Telephone and postage         392,348         898,945           Travelling and conveyance         262,315         441,625           Depreciation-own use assets         14         1,534,531         2,927,228           Amortization - intangibles         13.2	(Re	eversal) / Provision against doubtful receivable	S		
Salaries, allowances and benefits         23.1         6,578,197         5,828,688           Transaction cost on investments         364,988         469,234           Fees and subscription         1,098,855         859,577           Repairs and maintenance         1,134,245         998,977           Rent, rates and taxes         95,634         22,992           Registrar services         900,000         900,000           Telephone and postage         392,348         898,948           Travelling and conveyance         262,315         441,625           Depreciation-own use assets         14         1,534,531         2,927,228           Amortization - intangibles         13.2         500,003         663,775           Auditors' remuneration         23.2         528,750         775,000           Electricity, water and gas         585,849         815,736           Printing and stationery         504,350         630,295           Vehicles running         346,011         563,658           Legal and professional         3,710,000         749,883           Entertainment         149,492         197,285           Advertisement         118,360         50,200           Newspapers and periodicals         14,630 <t< td=""><td>Mu Oth Ijar Ad<sup>s</sup> Lor</td><td>Isharaka and morabaha finance are finance are finance and finance are finance are finance are finance are finance are finances are finances, prepayments and other receivables are finances.</td><td>7.1.2 7.2 9.1 10.5</td><td>(672,480)</td><td>4,780,567 10,228,936 8,791,205 878,516 18,432,273 3,000,000 (154,606) 45,956,891</td></t<>	Mu Oth Ijar Ad <sup>s</sup> Lor	Isharaka and morabaha finance are finance are finance and finance are finance are finance are finance are finance are finances are finances, prepayments and other receivables are finances.	7.1.2 7.2 9.1 10.5	(672,480)	4,780,567 10,228,936 8,791,205 878,516 18,432,273 3,000,000 (154,606) 45,956,891
Transaction cost on investments         364,988         469,234           Fees and subscription         1,098,855         859,577           Repairs and maintenance         1,134,245         998,978           Rent, rates and taxes         95,634         22,992           Registrar services         900,000         900,000           Telephone and postage         392,348         898,948           Travelling and conveyance         262,315         441,625           Depreciation-own use assets         14         1,534,531         2,927,228           Amortization - intangibles         13.2         500,003         663,775           Auditors' remuneration         23.2         528,750         775,000           Electricity, water and gas         585,849         815,736           Printing and stationery         504,350         630,295           Vehicles running         346,011         563,656           Legal and professional         3,710,000         749,883           Entertainment         149,492         197,285           Advertisement         118,360         50,200           Newspapers and periodicals         14,630         24,716	23. AD	MINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Reimbursement of common expenses         1,496,686           Miscellaneous         34,130         62,744	Transacti Fees and Repairs a Rent, rate Registrar Telephon Travelling Deprecia Auditors' Electricity Printing a Vehicles Legal and Entertain Advertise Newspap Insuranci Reimburs	ion cost on investments d subscription and maintenance es and taxes r services he and postage g and conveyance tition-own use assets tition- intangibles remuneration y, water and gas and stationery running d professional liment ement beers and periodicals e sement of common expenses	14 13.2	364,988 1,098,855 1,134,245 95,634 900,000 392,348 262,315 1,534,531 500,003 528,750 585,849 504,350 346,011 3,710,000 149,492 118,360 14,630 24,168 1,496,686 34,130	5,828,688 469,234 859,577 998,979 22,992 900,000 898,949 441,625 2,927,228 663,775 775,000 815,736 630,295 563,658 749,883 197,285 50,200 24,716 158,224

### 23.1 REMUNERATION OF OFFICERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

_		2015			2014	
	Officers	Other employee	s Total	Officers Oth	er employees	Total
		Rupees	-		.Rupees	_
Remuneration	1,200,000	4,750,427	5,950,427	1,327,549	3,904,565	5,232,114
Provident fund	-	142,604	142,604	28,000	182,727	210,727
Medical	-	198,730	198,730	31,500	171,928	203,428
Fuel	146,286	65,450	211,736	137,669	-	137,669
Others	3,360	71,340	74,700	490	44,260	44,750
	1,349,646	5,228,551	6,578,197	1,525,208	4,303,480	5,828,688
No. of persons	1	13		2	16	

23.2 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
Statutory audit Half year review Review of code of corporate governance CDC certification Out of pocket expenses	450,000 30,000 20,000 26,250 2,500 528,750	450,000 220,000 50,000 10,000 45,000 775,000

### 24. MODARABA COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT FEE

The Modaraba Management Company is entitled to remuneration for services rendered to the Modaraba under the provisions of the Modaraba Ordinance, 1980, up to a maximum of 10% per annum of the net profit before tax of the Modaraba.

### 25. PROVISION FOR TAXATION

The income of the Modaraba is exempt from tax, provided not less than 90% of their profits are distributed to the certificate holders. The Modaraba is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11 of Part IV of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

### 26. EARNINGS PER CERTIFICATE - BASIC AND DILUTED

(Loss) / profit for the year (Rupees)	27,166,405	(72,262,528)
Weighted average number of ordinary certificates	87,217,660	87,217,660
Earnings per certificate (Rupee)	0.31	(0.83)

### 27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties comprise of associated undertakings and directors of the Modaraba Management Company. The Modaraba, in the normal course of business carries out transactions with these related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows

Relationship with the Modaraba	Nature of Transactions	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
Modaraba Management Company	Management fee	3,124,137	-
Chief Executive Officer	Perquisites	-	110,669
Provident fund	Contributions made	142,604	210,727
Modaraba company	Dividend paid	-	2,419,877
(Previous Management Company)	·		
Employee	Sale of motor vehicle	-	350,000
Modaraba under common management	Sharing of common expenses	1.496.686	· -

### First Prudential Modaraba

### 28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks entered: liquidity risk entered, credit risk entered and market risk entered(including currency risk, fair value profit rate risk and price risk). The board of directors' of the Management company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Modaraba's risk management framework.

The Modaraba's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Modaraba's financial performance.

The Modaraba's principal financial liabilities comprise ijarah deposits and accrued and other liabilities. The Modaraba's principal financial assets comprise of ijarah rentals receivable, musharika, morabaha and other finance and cash and bank balances that arrive directly from its operations. The Modaraba also holds investments classified as held for trading and available-for-sale investments.

### 28.1 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Modaraba will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Modaraba will be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or will face difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Modaraba's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Modaraba's reputation. Modaraba holds total current assets of Rs. 371.53 million against its current liabilities of Rs. 54.90 million which lead to total surplus of Rs. 316.63 million.

The table below analyses the Modaraba's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to contractual maturity date. However, Modaraba has surplus funds to pay off its liabilities. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Total	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year
2015			Rupees	
ljarah deposits	23,543,122	14,382,022	2,978,100	6,183,000
Accrued and other liabilities	9,468,393	9,468,393	-	-
Unclaimed profit distribution	24,884,016	24,884,016	-	-
_	57,895,531	48,734,431	2,978,100	6,183,000
2014				
ljarah deposits	30,850,512	10,603,150	16,228,012	4,019,350
Accrued and other liabilities	2,855,425	2,855,425	-	-
Unclaimed profit distribution	25,282,315	25,282,315	_	
_	58,988,252	38,740,890	-	-

The Modaraba do not expose to any interest rate risk against its financial liabilities.

### 28.2 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Modaraba control credit risk by monitoring credit exposure, limiting transactions with specific counter parties and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

The Modaraba is exposed to credit risk from its financing activities (morabaha and musharika finance, diminishing musharika, ijarah rental receivables), deposits with bank and financial institutions and other receivables.

The Modaraba has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Modaraba uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Modaraba's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the risk management committee.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by finance department in accordance with the Modaraba's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The Modaraba's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivable at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
	Rupees	Rupees
Balances with banks	315,052,081	190,138,220
Musharika, morabaha and other finance	-	-
Diminishing musharika	59,023,301	87,324,312
Ijarah rentals receivable	1,011,291	1,569,362
Receivable against sale of shares - net	-	6,666,393
Advances and other receivables	2,096,686	1,788,078
	377,183,359	287,486,365

The analysis below summarises the quality rating of the major Banks in which the Modaraba deals.

Banks	Short Term	Long Term	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	A1	A+	10,509,042	_
Burj Bank Limited	A-2	A-	1,265,841	2,701,890
HBL Islamic Banking Limited	A-1+	AAA	275,258,275	185,932,785
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	26,500,377	-
Albaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1	Α	1,488,539	1,488,538

Past due but not impaired financings are those for which contractual profit or principal payments are past due, but the Modaraba believes that impairment is not appropriate on the basis of the level of security/collateral available to the Modaraba.

An analysis of the financial assets that are individually impaired as per the accounting policy is as under:

		Α	s at June 30	, 2015	
	QAEM	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
			Rupees		
Ijarah rental receivable	-	-	-	23,321,547	23,321,547
Musharika, morabaha					
and other finance	-	-	-	354,015,406	354,015,406
		Δ	As at June 30	. 2014	
				,	
	QAEM	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
			Rupees	i	
ljarah rental receivable	-	-	- '	23,994,027	23,994,027
Musharika, morabaha and other finance	-	-	-	356,905,568	356,905,568

Total impairment against these assets as at June 30, 2015 is Rs. 377.34 million (2014: Rs. 380.90 million).

The outstanding portfolio of diminishing musharaka Rs. 59.02 million (2014: Rs.87.33 million) represents exposure in transport and communication sector.

### 28.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. All such activities are carried out with the approval of the Board. The Modaraba is exposed to interest rate and currency risks.

### 28.3.1 Equity price risk

The Modaraba's investment in listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Modaraba manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Modaraba's senior management on a regular basis. The Modaraba's Investment Committee reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

The carrying amount of investment is as follows:

	June 30, 2015 Rupees	June 30, 2014 Rupees
In listed securities carried at fair value through profit or loss In unlisted security available for sale In mutual funds available for sale	9,191,013 9,427,201 11,125,851 29,744,065	79,788,636 9,318,075 4,870,302 93,977,013
	-, -,	=======================================

### Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarises the impact of increase/decrease in market value of investments on the Modaraba's profit after tax and on equity. The analysis is based on the assumption that the market price had increased/decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant and all Modaraba's equity instruments moved on perfect correlation with the market.

Index	Impact on profit aft	er tax and equity
	2015	2014
	Rupees	Rupees
Increase in market value - 5%	459,551	3,989,432
Decrease in market value - 5%	(459,551)	(3,989,432)

The profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the profit rate exposure arises from short term deposits with banks, ijarah finance, diminishing musharika and musharika and morabaha finance. At the balance sheet date the profit rate risk profile of the Modaraba's profit bearing financial instruments is:

28.3.2 Profit rate risk

	Effective yield / profit rate %	Total	Up to one month thr	Over one Over thre months to months to three months one year three months	Over three months to one year	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Over five Not exposed years to yield / profit risk
Cash and bank balances Investments	4.25% - 8.85% 315,052,081 306,073,327	315,052,081	306,073,327			1 1		8,978,754
Musharaka, morabaha and other finance	14% - 21%				•	•		1
Diminishing musharaka Ijarah rentals receivable	12.8 - 14.68 %	59,023,301 1,011,291	8,254,390	4,948,322	22,267,449	23,553,140		1,011,291
Receivable against sale of shares - net		- 900 800 6	•	'	'	•	,	- 909 900 0
Advances and onner receivables  Total financial assets as at June 30, 2015		387,076,862	387,076,862 314,327,717	4,948,322	22,267,449	23,553,140	.].	21,980,234
ljarah deposit		23,543,122	'	'	'			23,543,122
Accrued and other liabilities		9,468,393	•	'	•	'		9,468,393
Unclaimed profit distribution		24,884,016	•	•	•	•		24,884,016
Total financial liabilities as at June 30, 2015	10	57,895,531	•		•	•		_ 57,895,531
Total yield / profit risk sensitivity gap			314,327,717	4,948,322	314,327,717 4,948,322 22,267,449 23,553,140	23,553,140		

Total yield / profit risk sensitivity gap

Cumulative yield / profit risk sensitivity gap

365,096,628

365,096,628

341,543,488

314,327,717 319,276,039

June 30, 2014

	Effective yield / profit rate %	Total	Up to one month tl	Over one Over thre month to months three months one yes	Over three months to one year ees	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Over five Not exposed years to yield / profit risk
Cash and bank balances	3.5 % -8.5 %	190,138,220	2,706,813	1				187,431,407
Investments		80,824,460		•				80,824,460
Musharaka, morabaha and other finance	14% - 21%		'	•				
Diminishing musharaka	12.8%-14.68%	87,324,312	1,815,956	2,629,776	11,833,992	71,044,588		_
ljarah rentals receivable		1,569,362		•				1,569,362
Receivable against sale of shares - net		6,666,393	'	•				6,666,393
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	es	1,788,078	'					1,788,078
Total Financial Assets as at June 30, 2014		368,310,825	4,522,769	2,629,776	11,833,992	71,044,588		278,279,700
ljarah deposit		30,850,512		1				30,850,512
Accrued and other liabilities		2,855,425	'	•				2,855,425
Unclaimed profit distribution		25,282,315	_	•				25,282,315
Total Financial Liabilities as at June 30, 2014	4	58,988,252						58,988,252
Total yield / profit risk sensitivity gap			4,522,769	2,629,776	11,833,992	11,833,992 71,044,588		, "
Cumulative yield / profit risk sensitivity gap			4,522,769		7,152,545 18,986,537 90,031,125 90,031,125	90,031,125	90,031,125	

### 28.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. The fair values of these financial assets/liabilities cannot be reasonably estimated due to absence of market for such assets/liabilities.

### 28.4.1 Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1:quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3:inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	L	evel 1	Level 2	Level 3 upees	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Quoted companies	9	,191,013	-	-	9,191,013
Available-for-sale financial assets Listed entities Unlisted entities	11	,125,851 -	- -	- 9,427,201	11,125,851 9,427,201
28.5 Financial instrument by catego	rv				
, ,		Α	s at June 3	30. 2015	
	Loan and receivables	Assets at value throuprofit & lo	fair ugh	Avaiable for sale	Total
			Rupee	es	
ASSETS					
Cash and bank balances Investments Musharika, morabaha and other fin	315,062,081 702,490	9,191	- ,013	20,553,052	315,062,081 30,446,555
Musharika, morabana and other fina Diminishing musharika Ijarah rentals receivable Receivable against sale of shares - r Advances and other receivables	59,023,301 1,011,291		-	-	59,023,301 1,011,291
	2,096,686 377,895,849		,013	20,553,052	2,096,686 407,639,914
LIABILITIES					
ljarah deposits Accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed profit distribution	23,543,122 9,468,393 24,884,016 57,895,531			- - -	23,543,122 9,468,393 24,884,016 57,895,531
	07,000,001				<u> </u>
		А	s at June 3	sn 2014	
	Loan and receivables	Assets at value throuprofit & lo	fair ugh	Avaiable for sale	Total
			Rupee	es	
ASSETS					
Cash and bank balances Investments Musharika, morabaha and other finan	190,144,619 1,035,824	79,788	,636	14,188,377	190,144,619 95,012,837
Diminishing musharika Ijarah rentals receivable Advances, prepayments and	87,324,312 1,569,362 6,666,393		-	-	87,324,312 1,569,362 6,666,393
other receivables Long term deposits	1,788,078 288,528,588	79,788	636	14,188,377	1,788,078 382,505,601
	_00,020,000	. 0,. 30	,	, . 30,0. 1	
LIABILITIES					
Ijarah deposits Accrued and other liabilities	30,850,512		-	-	30,850,512 2,855,425
Unclaimed profit distribution	2,855,425 25,282,315		-	<u>-</u>	25,282,315
	58,988,252		-	-	58,988,252



### 29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. As at balance sheet date Modaraba do not have any exposure in short term and long term borrowing and it has sufficient surplus funds to manage the affairs of the Modaraba effectively. Further Modaraba has very positive current ratio of 6.77:1 (2014: 5.68:1).

Consistently with others in the industry, the Modaraba monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. During the current year, the Modaraba's strategy, unchanged from last year, was to maintain the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio to zero.

### 30. SEGMENT INFORMATION

As per IFRS 8, operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief decision-maker. The Board of Directors of the Management Company has been identified as the chief decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the Modaraba's entire product and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The Modaraba's asset allocation decisions are based on a single integrated investment strategy and the Modaraba's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting provided to the Board of Directors of the Management company for the Modaraba's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

The Modaraba is domiciled in Pakistan. All of the Modaraba's income is from investments in entities incorporated in Pakistan.

### 31. DATE OF AUTHORISATION OF ISSUE

These financial statements has been authorised for issue on October 07, 2015 by the Board of Directors of the KASB Invest (Private) Limited.

### 32.1 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The board of directors have approved dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 of Re. 0.23 per certificate (2014:Re. Nil per certificate), amounting to Rs. 20,060,062 (2014:Rs. Nil) at their meeting held on October 07, 2015. The financial statemnts for the year ended June 30, 2015 do not include the effect of the above which will be accounted for in the period in which it is declared.

### 32.2. GENEARL

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

For KASB Invest (Private) Limited (Management Company)

DIRECTOR



### CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATES HOLDING AS ON 30-06-2015

NO OF CERTIFICATE HOLDER NO OF

CERTIFICATES PERCENTAGE

ASSOCIATED COMPANIES UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTIES NIT AND ICP	- 2		- 81352	0.09
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN TRUSTEE WING INVESTMENT CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN		38,449 42,903		
DIRECTORS, C.E.O THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CH	ILDREN		-	-
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	-		-	-
SPOUSE	-		-	-
EXECUTIVES.	-		-	-
PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS	S. 1		1,929,159	2.21
STATE LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF PAKIST	ſAN LTD.	1,929,159		
BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURAN COMPANIES, MODARABAS AND MUTUAL FUNDS			2,357,223	2.70
HABIB BANK LIMITED THE BANK OF PUNJAB HABIB BANK LTD. LSE BRANCH NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION CRESCENT INVESTMENT BANK LTD. FIDELITY INVESTMENT BANK LTD. PARAMOUNT INVESTMENT BANK LTD. GULF INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. DELTA INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. CRESCENT STAR INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. FIRST INTER FUND MODARABA UNI CAP MODARABA INDUSTRIAL CAPITAL MODARABA FIRST MEHRAN MODARABA GENERAL MODARABA MODARABA AL MALI FIRST PROVIDENCEMODARABA FIRST HAJVERI MODARABA FIRST HAJVERI MODARABA FIRST EQUITY MODARABA PRUDENTIAL DISCOUNT & GUARANTEE HOUSE LIN		828 2,974 848 10,625 100 9,428 1,638 13,653 164 154 2,275,232 1,122 136 100 7,935 3,306 47 449 3,000 16,484 9,000		

### CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATES HOLDING AS ON 30-06-2015

	NO OF CERTIFICAT HOLDER		NO OF CERTIFICATES	PERCENTAGE
SHAREHOLDING FIVE PERCENT OR MORE VO' INTEREST IN THE LISTED COMPANIES. PRUDENTIAL CAPITAL MANGEMENT LTD RASHIDULLAH YACOOB PASHTOON RASHIDULLAH	TING 3	10,521,205 15,214,322 11,817,736		43.06
INDIVIDUAL	10761	29,414,918	29,414,918	33.73
OTHER CORPORATE SHAREHOLDERS	55	15,881,745	15,881,745	7.87
	10,843	_	87,217,660	100.00

### PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING AS AT 30 - 06 - 2015

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDERS	SI	HARE HO	LDINGS	TOTAL SHARES HELD
3,409 2,615	1 101	-	100 500	169,897 619,542
2,123	501	-	1000	1,775,655
1,851	1001	-	5000	4,000,252
317	5001	-	10000	2,399,029
274	10001	-	15000	1,196,161
69 32	15001 20001	-	20000 25000	1,207,222
10	25001		30000	742,793 277,894
19	30001	_	35000	612,403
12	35001	_	40000	444,300
13	40001	_	45000	553,421
9	45001	_	50000	441,624
8	50001	-	55000	421,540
6	55001	-	60000	346,853
4	60001	-	65000	249,936
4	65001	-	70000	203,262
2	70001	-	75000	73,327
4	75001	-	80000	317,381
5	85001	-	90000	440,289
2 2	90001	-	95000	184,640
1	95001 100001	_	100000 105000	200,000 104,002
2	105001	_	110000	216,000
2	110001	_	115000	221,277
1	115001	_	120000	120,000
2	120001	_	125000	244,571
1	135001	-	140000	140,000
3	145001	-	150000	446,000
1	150001	-	155000	150,624
1	155001	-	160000	160,000
1	165001	-	170000	170,000
1	170001	-	175000	171,000
4	175001	-	180000	703,091
2	180001	-	185000	363,200
2	200001	-	205000	409,000
1	210001	-	215000	211,168
1	220001 225001	-	225000	223,073
1	245001	-	230000 250000	227,523
1	250001	-	255000	246,000 250,009
1	265001	_	270000	268,500
1	300001	_	305000	303,461
•	223001		555500	555, 101

### PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING AS AT 30 - 06 - 2015

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDERS	SHAR	E HOLD	INGS_	TOTAL SHARES HELD
1	315001	-	320000	317,290
1	330001	-	335000	331,500
1	350001	-	355000	353,521
1	400001	-	405000	405,000
1	475001	-	480000	477,932
1	495001	-	500000	500,000
1	595001	-	600000	600,000
1	695001	-	700000	700,000
1	1110001	-	1115000	1,114,000
1	1475001	-	1480000	1,478,500
1	1700001	-	1705000	1,700,500
1	1775001	-	1780000	1,777,082
1	1925001	-	1930000	1,929,159
1	2100001	-	2105000	2,101,228
1	2275001	-	2280000	2,275,232
1	3310001	-	3315000	3,313,843
1	4220001	-	4225000	4,220,500
1	4315001	-	4320000	4,320,000
1	5995001	-	6000000	6,000,000
1	9715001	-	9720000	9,716,508
1	10520001	-	10525000	10,521,205
1	10835001	-	10840000	10,838,740
10,843				87,217,660

### NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 16<sup>th</sup> Annual Review Meeting of the Certificate Holders of First Prudential Modarabawill be held on Saturday, October 31, 2015 at 7:45 p.m. at KASBIT Auditorium, 84-B, S.M.C.H.S., off Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi to review the performance of Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2015 in terms of clause 20 of the Prudential Regulations for Modaraba issued vide Circular No. 5/2000 by Registrar Modaraba.

By Order of the Board

Place: Karachi. Zia-ul-Haq

Date: October 10, 2015 Company Secretary

### Notes:

- 1. The Modaraba Certificates transfer Book shall remain closed from October 24., 2015 to October 30,, 2015 (both days inclusive) to determine the names of Certificate Holders eligible to attend the Annual Review Meeting. Transfer received in order at the Registrar Office of the First Prudential Modaraba (Whose address is given below) upto the close of business hours on October 23, 2015 will be treated in time.
- 2. The Certificate Holders are advised to notify the Registrar of First Prudential Modaraba of any change in their addresses to ensure prompt delivery of mails. Further, any Certificates for transfer etc, should be lodged with the Registrar, Shares & Corporate Services (Private) Limited, Mehersons Estate Block-E, Talpur Road, Near NBP Builduing Karachi(Phone: 0300 2061853).
- 3. Account Holders holding book entry securities of the First Prudential Modaraba in Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, who wish to attend the Annual Review Meeting, are requested to bring original Computerized National Identity Card for identification purpose and will in addition, have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2000 dated January 25, 2000 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for attending the meeting.
- 4. Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2015 effective July 01, 2015, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance have been revised as follows:

a)	Rate of tax deduction for filers of income tax returns	12.5%
b)	Rate of tax deduction for non-filers of income tax returns	17.5%

All the certificate holders of First Prudential Modaraba who hold certificates in physical form are therefore requested to send a valid copy of their CNIC and NTN Certificate, to First Prudential Modaraba Registrar, Shares & Corporate Services (Private) Limited, at the above mentioned address to allow First Prudential Modaraba to ascertain the status of certificate holders.